

Future Directions-Changing Reality

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Disclosures

- Views expressed in this presentation do not reflect those of the Canadian Forces or the Department of National Defense
- No relevant financial disclosures



committees.

Early Life and Career

Edward Delos Churchill was born on Christmas Day, 1895, in the farm town of Chenoa, Illinois. The youngest of three children, he was clearly intelligent, graduating high school at 16. He attended Northwestern University, receiving his BS and MA in 1916 and 1917. Medical school at Harvard followed, watching fellow students don uniforms during WWI before his graduation *cum laude* in 1920. He took internship and residency at Massachusetts General Hospital, and traveled to Europe on a fellowship.

His research focused on thoracic surgery, although he considered almost all surgery a branch of general surgery. In the 1930s he pioneered advances in heart and lung surgeries. He also restructured residencies from a pyramidal model with eliminations every year to a

went to the New York Times to pressure the Army into action. Predictably, that caused friction, but they both worked through it to improvise forward surgical consists to shorten the surgical delay.

The kept going forward to see what was really happening. He visited infantry battalions, division medical companies, forward hospitals, laborate supply depots, and the Anzio beachhead.





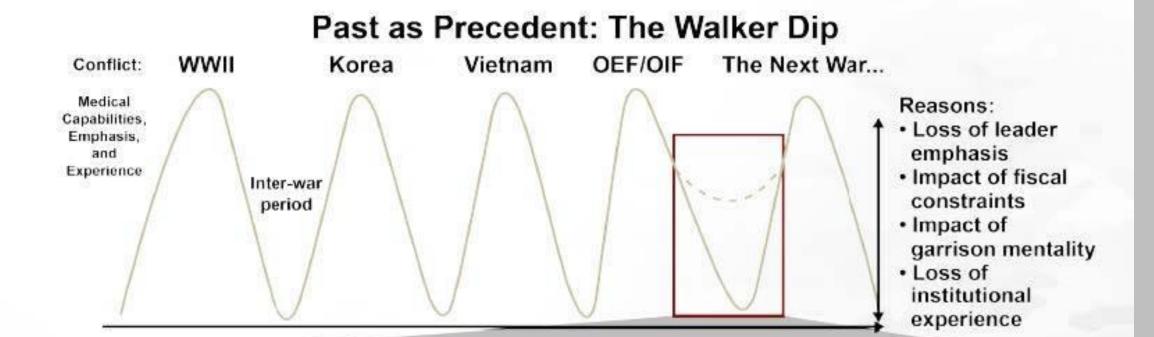


WWII Lesson Learned?

- During the 1939-45 War the four things that contributed to saving of life:
 - 1 Blood Transfusion
 - 2 Surgical teams operating well forward
 - 3 Air evacuation direct to a base hospital, thus saving bumpy journeys by road
 - 4 Nursing Sisters working well forward in the battle area







Our (Joint) Challenge: Mitigate the Dip

- Maintain lessons learned to preserve gains made in survivability rates
- · Maintain leadership emphasis on medical capabilities
- · Ensure individual and collective training includes health services support under realistic conditions

^{*} The basis for this graphic was taken from Surgeon Commodore Alasdair Walker, the United Kingdom's Military Health Services' Medical Director remarks to the Military Health System Research Symposium in 2013.

Revolution Of Trauma Care

Peacetime Trauma Care

Military Trauma Care practices adopted by civilian trauma systems

War – Unprepared Medical Services-High fatality rates

Innovations from war gain interest in civilian setting

Medical Services
Improve-low fatality
rates

Troop Deaths and Injuries in Ukraine War Near 500,000, U.S. Officials Say

Ukraine and Russia have lost a staggering number of troops as Kyiv's counteroffensive drags on. A lack of rapid medical care has added to the toll.



NEWS ANALYSIS

Russia Sends Waves of Troops to the Front in a Brutal Style of Fighting

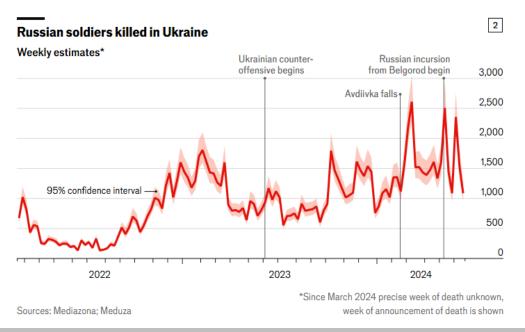
More than 1,000 Russian soldiers in Ukraine were killed or wounded on average each day in May, according to NATO and Western military officials.

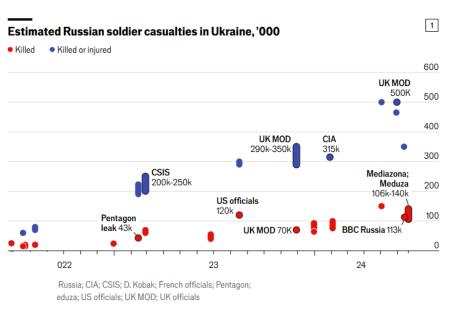














UPDATE ON UKRAINE

INTELLIGENCE UPDATE

- The Russian Armed Forces have likely sustained approximately 900,000 casualties (killed and wounded) since invading Ukraine in 2022. Of these, it is likely 200,000 – 250,000 Russian soldiers have been killed, Russia's largest losses since the Second World War.
- Russian President Putin and the Russian military leadership
 highly likely prioritise their conflict objectives over the lives
 of Russian soldiers. They are almost certainly prepared to
 tolerate continuously high casualty rates so long as this
 does not negatively affect public or elite support for the
 war, and those losses can be replaced.
- Putin and the Russian leadership highly likely place significantly less value on the lives of ethnic minority Russian citizens from impoverished regions, with Russian recruitment efforts consequently focussed disproportionately on these areas. Slavic Russians from urban centres such as Moscow and St. Petersburg have contributed disproportionately fewer service personnel than their poorer, ethnic minority compatriots.

ALT



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WORLD & NATION

L'Il recipe à ricipe pumber of emputees

Ukraine's rising number of amputees face trauma on a scale unseen since World War I



Roman Yarmolenko, a Ukrainian soldier, learns to walk on a prosthetic leg outside a rehabilitation center in Lviv. (Evgeniy Maloletka / Associated Press)

BY EVGENIY MALOLETKA | ASSOCIATED PRESS

SEPT. 4, 2023 2:22 AM PT

Rudneva estimated that 20,000 Ukrainians have endured at least one amputation since the war began. The government does not say how many of those are soldiers, but blast injuries are among the most common in a war with a long front line.







Past as Prologue

We face wars ill-prepared because we believe in the sanctity of human life, and our social structure is designed to prevent the destruction of that life.



Situation The Scale of the problem

NATO UNCLASSIFIED

Releasable to NATO Partnership Programs / AFRICAN UNION / EAPC / EEAS / EU





NATO BLOOD PANEL MEMORANDUM TO MILITARY HEALTHCARE WORKING GROUP

25 July 2022

File reference: 20220725 MEMO MHCWG Blood Planning U.

NATO BLOOD PANEL (BloodP) MEMORANDUM TO NATO MILITARY HEALTHCARE WORKING GROUP ON BLOOD PLANNING 2022

Blood usage adds up quickly:

20% of casualties will need blood → 8 Whole Blood Equivalents (WBE) each

Need contingency options
prior to full combat
operations = dried plasma,
emergency donor panel
(EDP) / Walking Blood Bank
(WBB)

Baltic defence line FINLAND Helsinki SWEDEN St Petersburg Tallinn \ Possible axes for a Russian **ESTONIA** Lake Peipsi invasion Tartu Lake Pihkva Where the Gulf of bunkers/ Riga defences will RUSSIA be most * densely placed Riga LATVIA Rezekne Baltic Sea LITHUANIA Kaliningrad Vilnius BELARUS Minsk 50 miles POLAND 😓

New Realities

- Potential for General War with Large Scale Casualties
- Democracies not prepared
- Civilian Medical Systems not ready for large influx of military casualties

New Realities

- Call up of Reserves
- Mobilization of Civil Society
- Training to integrate thousands of healthcare providers into militaries
- Training thousands of combat medics with no military or medical experience

Impact

- The next war will not be like 2001-2021 Conflicts
- Tactical and strategic environment will very different
- Injury patterns and number of wounded will be more like WWI
- Human tissue and physiology and response to injury will be the same
- Human suffering and death will be present on a large scale
- We will not be ready
- The clock is running down quickly



THOR

THOR was born of the crucible of war (GWOT)

Met the needs of both the medic and researchers to care for the warfighter



 THOR has been highly successful as it fused the tactical, operational, research and industry interests into one organization



Back to the Future





Agent of Change

- THOR brought back the lessons from past and made them safer, more efficient
- Provided the clinical evidence to change regulations eg AABB



THOR at the Crossroads

- Reality is Changing
- THOR needs to Change too



